

# Absinth wormwood

Colorado Department of  
Agriculture

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## Key ID Points

1. Absinth is well branched and gets 3 feet tall and 2 feet across.
2. Silver-grey leaves and small yellow flowers.

## Absinth wormwood Identification and Management



### Identification and Impacts

Absinth wormwood (*Artemisia absinthium*) is native to Eurasia, the Middle East and North Africa. It was introduced to North America in the early 19th century to be cultivated for medicinal use. It was first reported outside cultivated gardens in 1841, along roadsides and waste grounds.

Absinth wormwood is a long-lived perennial that possesses a strong sage odor and bitter taste. Plants grow 2 to 4 feet in height and are prolific seed producers. It has a taproot that can reach 2 inches in diameter and shallow lateral fibrous root branches that can extend up to 6 feet long in all given directions. Plants are woody at the base and regrow from the soil level each spring. The stems are numerous and are covered with fine, gray hairs while the leaves are blue-olive green, alternate and highly divided. Flowers are small, yellowish and arranged in large, spike-like panicles. The seed viability is estimated to be 3 to 4 years and are easily scattered by wind, water, animals, and in hay. The seeds are less than 1/6 inch long, smooth, flattened and light gray.

Habitats for Absinth wormwood include disturbed sites, moist soils, and is also shade tolerant. It can occur in 5,000 to 7,000 feet elevation and is considered a weed in pastureland, cropland, and rangeland. Absinth wormwood is listed as poor palatability in horses, but good for sheep.

The key to effective control of Absinth wormwood is a combination of control methods. Compared to most perennials, it is fairly easy to control with chemicals in combination with mechanical control. Details on the back of this sheet can help to create a management plan compatible with your site ecology.

Absinth wormwood is designated as a "List B" species in the Colorado Noxious Weed Act. It is required to be either eradicated, contained, or suppressed depending on the local infestations. For more information visit [www.colorado.gov/ag/csd](http://www.colorado.gov/ag/csd) and click on the Noxious Weed Management Program. Or call the State Weed Coordinator at the Colorado Department of Agriculture, Conservation Services Division, 303-239-4100.



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*Artemisia absinthium L.*

**CULTURAL**

Cultural controls are possible in theory, but are very time consuming and expensive. Complete removal of any seedlings or newly established plants by continual hand pulling is also possible.

**BIOLOGICAL**

There is no biological control available for Absinth wormwood. Since biological control agents take years to research, develop and release, no releases are expected in the foreseeable future. For more information, contact the Palisade Insectary of the Colorado Department of Agriculture at 970-464-7916.

**MECHANICAL**

Hand pull or dig when soil is moist. Make certain to pull all the roots, including short horizontal roots. Bag specimens carefully so as to not scatter seeds if removed during or after flowering. Multiple mowings prior to seed generation can cause stress and may provide a control option.

*Integrated Weed Management:*

*Absinth Wormwood is easily controlled using a combination of methods such as chemical and mechanical.*

*Compared to most perennials, it is fairly easy to control.*

**HERBICIDES**

**NOTE:** The following are recommendations for herbicides that can be applied to range and pasturelands. Rates are approximate and based on equipment with an output of 30 gal/acre. Please read label for exact rates. **Always read, understand, and follow the label directions. The herbicide label is the LAW!**

HERBICIDE	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
Picloram (Tordon 22K- restricted use)	1 pint product/acre	Apply when plant is 12 inches tall through flowering growth stage. Do not use near trees, desirable shrubs or water. (Summer to Early Fall)
Aminopyralid (Milestone - general use)	7 fl oz product/acre	Apply when plant is 12 inches tall though flowering growth stage. (Summer to Early Fall)
Clopyralid +2,4-D (Curtail - general use)	2 quarts product/acre	Apply when plant is 12 inches tall through flowering growth stage. (Summer to Early Fall)
Dicamba (Banvel, Vanquish, Clarity - general use)	1 quart product/acre	Apply when plant is 12 inches tall through flowering growth stage. Do not use near trees, desirable shrubs or water. (Summer to Early Fall)

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